

Policy on Determination of Materiality

SCOPE AND PURPOSE

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), on September 2, 2015, has notified the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Regulations, 2015).

Regulation 30 requires the Company to frame and adopt a policy to determine the material events by testing the materiality for the purpose of proper, sufficient and timely disclosure of the same to the Stock Exchanges.

Accordingly, this Policy on Determination of Materiality has been approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company on November 26, 2015.

1. Applicability

This Policy shall be applicable to all events relating to the Company, as and when they come under the criteria elucidated below.

This Policy shall be read together with the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information formulated and adopted by the Company to lay down the procedures and practical guidelines that will be followed by the Company for the consistent, transparent, regular and timely public disclosure and dissemination of Unpublished Price Sensitive information.

2. Definitions

- a. 'Acquisition' shall mean:
 - Acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or acquiring or agreeing to acquire shares or voting rights in a company, whether directly or indirectly, such that
 - i. the Company holds shares or voting rights aggregating to five per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company; or
 - ii. there has been a change in holding and such change exceeds two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company.
- b. 'Compliance Officer' shall mean the Company Secretary of the Company.
- c. 'Market Sensitive Information' shall mean information concerning the Company that a reasonable person will expect to have a material effect on the price or value of its securities or information which causes the market to maintain the price of security at or about its current level when it may otherwise be expected to move materially in a particular direction, given price movements in the market generally.

3. Key Principles In Determining Materiality

An item of information or an event is considered to be material when it is likely to impact the price of the securities of a company. Where the price of the securities of the Company in the

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normal course is likely to be affected on the basis of the disclosure of an event or information, such event or information is to be regarded as material. Accordingly, the following events and guidelines shall be considered while testing materiality for disclosure of an event | information:

A) EVENTS WHICH SHALL BE DEEMED MATERIAL

1. Acquisitions of 5% or more of a company or purchase of additional 2% in companies where the current holding is more than 5%
2. Change in holding from the last disclosure and if such change exceeds 2% of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company
3. Sale of any Business(es) or Unit(s)
4. Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation | merger | demerger | restructuring)
5. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including redemption of securities, etc.
6. Revision in rating(s)
7. Outcome of Board Meetings of the Company held to consider the following:
 - a. declaration of dividends and | or cash bonuses recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid | dispatched
 - b. any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof
 - c. the decision on buyback of securities
 - d. the decision with respect to fund-raising proposed to be undertaken
 - e. increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalisation including the date on which such bonus shares shall be credited | dispatched
 - f. re-issue of forfeited shares | securities or issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to
 - g. short particulars of any other alterations of capital
 - h. financial results
 - i. decision on voluntary delisting by the Company from Stock Exchange(s)
8. Agreements {namely shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the

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Company), agreement(s) | contract(s) with media companies} which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof

9. Fraud | defaults by Promoter or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) or by the Company or arrest of any Promoter or KMP
10. Change in the Directors, KMP, Auditor and Compliance Officer
11. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent
12. Corporate debt restructuring or one time settlement with a lender
13. Reference to the BIFR and winding up petitions filed by any party | creditor(s)
14. Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to the Shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the Company
15. Proceedings of Annual and Extraordinary General Meetings of the Members of the Company
16. Amendments to Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, in brief and
17. Schedule of Analysts' or Institutional Investors' meet and Presentations on financial results made to the Analysts or Institutional Investors

The above events shall be disclosed in accordance with the applicable Regulations or guidelines issued thereunder, including any amendments thereto.

B) THE FOLLOWING EVENTS SHALL BE CONSIDERED MATERIAL SUBJECT TO THE APPLICATION OF THE GUIDELINES MENTIONED IN CLAUSE (C)

1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any Business | Unit
2. Change in the general character or nature of business brought about by arrangements for strategic, technical, or marketing tie-up, adoption of new lines of business or closure of operations of any Business | Unit
3. Capacity addition or product launch

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4. Awarding, bagging | receiving, amendment or termination of awarded | bagged orders | contracts, not in the normal course of business
5. Agreements {namely, loan agreement(s) (as a borrower) or any other agreement(s)} which are binding and not in the normal course of business and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof
6. Disruption of operations of any one or more segments of the Company due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire, etc.), force majeure or other events
7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the Company
8. Litigation(s), dispute(s) | regulatory action(s) with impact
9. Frauds | defaults by the Directors (other than KMPs) or employees of the Company
10. Options to purchase securities including any ESOP | ESPS Scheme
11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety for any third party other than in the normal course of business
12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals

C) THE EVENTS MENTIONED IN CLAUSE (B) ABOVE SHALL BE CONSIDERED MATERIAL ONLY ON APPLICATION OF THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES

1. The omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly
2. The omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date
3. In case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (1) and (2) are not applicable, an event | information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the Board, the event | information is considered material

D) ANY OTHER INFORMATION | EVENT NAMELY MAJOR DEVELOPMENT THAT IS LIKELY TO AFFECT BUSINESS

Events | Information that may include, but are not restricted to:

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1. Any information | event namely, major development that is likely to affect business for example, emergence of new technology and expiry of patents
2. Any change of Accounting Policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc.
3. Any other information which is exclusively known to the Company which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities
4. Any market sensitive information as may be determined by any two KMPs jointly, from time to time
5. Any event which in the view of the Board | Whole-time Directors of the Company is material

4. Administrative measures

- a. Unless otherwise decided by the Board, any two KMPs acting jointly shall be authorised for the purpose of determining materiality of an event or information and making disclosures to the Stock Exchanges. Any decision taken by them shall be valid and binding on the Company
- b. The contact details of all the KMPs shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges and also be placed on the website of the Company
- c. The KMPs shall take into consideration the factors surrounding the particular information to take a view on whether the information is market sensitive or not

5. Interpretation

In any circumstance where the terms of this Policy differ from any existing or newly enacted law, rule, regulation or standard governing the Company, the law, rule, regulation or standard will take precedence over these policies and procedures until such time as this Policy is amended to conform to the law, rule, regulation or standard.

6. Guidance on when an event | information is deemed to be occurred

- a. The events | information shall be said to have occurred upon approval by the Board for example further issue of capital by rights issuance and in certain events | information after approval of both, the Board and Shareholders that is to say, after the approval of the Shareholders of the Company.

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- b. The events | information that may be of price sensitive nature such as declaration of dividends, etc., on receipt of approval of the event by the Board, pending approval of the Shareholder.
- c. In the events | information such as natural calamities, disruption, etc. can be said to have occurred when the Company becomes aware of the events | information.

7. Disclosure

The Company shall observe the following for proper and timely disclosure of any material events | information as defined hereon

- a. For determining materiality of any event | transaction, reference is to be made to this Policy and the Regulations
- b. Disclosure of the events enumerated in Clause 3(A)(7) above shall be made within 30 minutes of the conclusion of the Board Meeting at which such events were discussed along with the time of commencement and conclusion of the meeting
- c. All other events mentioned under Clause 3(A) and (B) above, other than those mentioned in the foregoing Clause shall be disclosed by the Company as soon as reasonably possible but not later than 24 hours from the occurrence of a particular event
- d. The details with regard to any fraud | default by the Directors or KMP or by the Company or arrest of any KMP shall be disclosed at the time of unearthing of the fraud or occurrence of default | arrest
- e. The Stock Exchanges shall also be intimated further details regarding the same including actual amount of fraud | default, actual impact of such fraud | default on the Company and its financials and corrective measures taken thereon
- f. Disclosure of any material development shall be made on a regular basis of any event, till the time the event is resolved | closed
- g. All the disclosures made to the Stock Exchanges under this Policy shall also be placed on the website of the Company and the same shall be available for a minimum period of five years
- h. The Company shall also disclose all the events or information with respect to its subsidiary companies which are material for the Company

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8. Authority to make alterations

The Board of Directors of the Company is authorised to make such alterations to this Policy as considered appropriate, subject however, to the condition that such alterations shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of the Regulations.